After occupying the heights about Tyr

Warmer occasional showers.

# Shears Never Cut Into Finer Materials DEMA

For Ready-to-Wear Clothes than you can find on our tables to-day. In style and finish the tailor's GREEKS CAPTURE AN IMPORTANT art was never shown to better advantage.

Our Covert Overcoats

-AT-\$10, \$12 and \$15

Our Worsted Overcoats

Have all the earmarks of merchant tailoring. They are HOPES OF HELLENES RAISED up-to-date, smart looking Top Coats, and give the wearer that prestige which is invariably associated with good clothes. . . . . . .

# There'll Come a Time....

Near at hand, when Staple Low-Priced Wash-Dress-Go ods will be in demand. We open 50 cases

- 34 Scotch Lawns
- 34 Amiens Batiste
- 34 Batiste D'Orient 34 Venetian Muslins

TWO MURDERERS KILLED

WILLIAM HAAS AND WILLIAM WI-

LEY ELECTROCUTED IN OHIO.

Put to Death in the Penttentiary Au-

nex Early This Morning-First

Use of the Electric Chair.

tricity soon after midnight this horning

Haas was the first to be electrocuted. He

was 1,750 in both electrocutions and the

The electrocutions, which were the first

penitentiary, where, for the past thirteen

years, capital punishment has been meted

out to all persons under sentence of death

the old execution room for several weeks.

They are similar to those used in New York

The electrocution of William Haas was

of the armature on the electrocution dyna-

mo the electrocution had to be postponed,

and Governor Bushnell fixed the date so

that Haas would be electrocuted on the day

armature, to be used only for electrocutions

ing tampered with an extra guard was

n reading and in religious devotions. The

of age, had been indifferent to his fate ever

for which Haas was electrocuted was a

and befriended by William Brader, a gar-

Cincinnati. On the morning of July 3, 1896,

while Brader was absent in Cincinnati

young Haas criminally assaulted Mrs.

Brader, who was the only other occupant

her throat with a razor. To cover up the

crime Haas set fire to the house and fled,

but some blackberry pickers saw the smoke

ssuing from the house in time to prevent

afternoon of the same day at Hamilton

O., and taken to Cincinnati, where by de-

William Wiley murdered his wife on the

Haas committed his crime. Wiley was in-

sanely jealous of his wife, and, as it trans-

anhappy domestic life he came home one

died after being taken to the hospital

Wiley concealed himself in a closet in the

house and was wounded in a desperate

fight with the officers who arrested him.

grees a confession was secured from him.

aced in the dynamo room. Haas and

amperage ranged from 81/2 to 12.

34 Pacific Challies

Prices lower than ever previously offered.

# MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO. Importers, Jobbers,

Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc. (EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE.)

BIG 4 ROUTE **NEW YORK CITY** 

And Return.

\$25.35 and \$22.65 INDIVIDUAL TICKETS.

\$19.00 and \$17.00

Organized bodies, twenty-five or more, on APRIL 23 to 26 Tickets good to return until May 4 in-

**Dedication Memorial Monument** erected to the memory of

General U. S. GRANT

Eight trains each day, Leave Indian- nently successful. The condemned men apolis-3:45 a. m., 4:15 a. m., 6:20 a. m., 7:30 were nervy to the last. a. m., 10:35 a. m., 2:45 p. m., 6:20 p. m. and 6:25 p. m.
Sleeping and dining car service unsurpassed. Call at Big Four offices, No. 1 East Vashington, Massachusetts avenue and Union Station. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

## Cincinnati Trains C., H. & D. R'y. Arrive Cincinnati:

The last was an in the second second	Commence of the Commence of th		
" 3:40 a.	mi.	**	7:30 n. m.
" 7:55 a.	m.	300	- 11:20 a. m.
" 910:45 a.	m.		°2:25 p. m.
" 2:45 p.			6:00 p. m.
" 4:45 p.	m.	- 44	7:45 p. m.
• 7:05 p.		"	10:50 p. m.
DAYTON	TRAIN	S. C., H	. & D. RY.
Leave Indian			ve Dayton:
" 3:40 a.	m.	- 4	7:40 a. m.
" 010:45 a.			*2:25 p. m.
" 245 p.			6.20 p. m.
" 4:45 p.			7:55 p. m.
• 7:05 p.			11:00 p. m.
TOLEDO			TRAINS,
	C., H.	& D. RY.	
Leave		Arrive	Arrive
Indianapolis	7 7 6	Toledo:	Detroit:
010:45 a.m.	LANGE OF	6:40 p.m.	98:40 p.m.
7:05 p.m.		4:09 a.m.	6:15 a.m.
Except Sun			200 200
		Ctation a	nd No. 2 West
Washington s	treet con	or Maridia	nd Mo. 2 West
	C. F. St. C.	THE REAL PROPERTY.	

The Popular MONON ROUTE line to CHICAGOTime re- 43 HOURS

FOUR DAILY TRAINS

Leave Indianapolis-7:00 a. m., 11:50 a. m., p. m., 12:55 night. Trains Arrive Indianapolis-3:30 a. m., 7:45 m., 2:25 p. m., 4:37 p. m. Ticket offices. 2 West Washington street, Union Station and Massachusetts-avenue Depot. GEO. W. HAYLER. D. P. A.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS. Deformity Apparatus, Trusses, Elastic Hos-iery. Largest stock of Artificial Eyes in the State. Invalid Chairs of all kinds and acces-sories for the sick room. Trusses made and

properly adjusted. Store open every Saturday WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO. 77 South Illinois Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

KELLY CONFESSES.

Says He Alone Killed Cashier Stickney and Robbed the Bank. MONTREAL, April 20.-Joseph E. Kelly

confessed to-day to the murder of Cashier Stickney, at Somersworth, N. H. He admitted that he committed both the murder He vehemently insisted, however, cashier, but that he had to do it because the old gentleman recognized him. After felling Mr. Stickney with blows on the head, when the cashier showed signs of regaining consciousness he slashed him with When Kelly arose this morning he sent for Detective Cote and at once asked him if he did not think it would be better for

him to tell exactly all he knew. Then Kelly sent for Chief Carpenter and made a confession to him to the effect that he alone committed the murder and that he had hidden the remainder of the money at St. Clet, which is not far from St. Justine de Newton. The chief then decided to go and find the money and started off with his prisoner and his companions for the early train. In talking to Cote and some of the other detectives Kelly told a great many strange about his trip. Among other hings he intimated that he had stolen the clothes with which he was disguised from an old woman whom he met at St. Justine de Newton. At Aggie Ashton's house in Montreal Kelly said that he was a man out for a lark, and was admitted. The suspected Kelly and telephoned for the police. When he left the house in charge of the officers he said: "Well, good-bye, girls; the next time you hear of me it will be at the end of a rope," and he laughingly made alleged attentions to Jackson's wife, was ners fired shells that would explode, with

TOWN IN MACEDONIA.

Disaster Into a Victory That May Mean Much.

THINK THEY WILL SOON HAVE TURKS BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

THE MOSLEMS

MILOUNA PASS CARRIED AFTER A SERIES OF BATTLES.

Town of Tyrnavo Attacked and the City of Larissa, Ten Miles Away, Threatened.

GOOD WORK BY GREEK SHIPS

HAVE BEEN DEMOLISHED.

Salonica Likely to Be Shelled by an Ironclad-Artillery Duel at Bani-Scenes at Milouna Pass.

ATHENS, April 21.-The news of the capture of Damasi puts a new complexion COLUMBUS, O., April 21.-William Haas likely to have the most exhilarating effect and William Wiley were executed by elecon the spirits of the Greeks, who had been greatly depressed by the reverses of their was strapped in the chair at 12:27. When the fact that the fall of Prevesa seems he was brought into the electrocution room he closely scrutinized the chair and was imminent virtually offsets the calamity at pushed into it. The current was turned on Milouna. If the Greek divisions effect a for a period of two seconds, three times in union at Damasi, as is expected, there is succession. As soon as the body of Haas almost nothing in the way of their prompt was taken out of the chair Wiley was brought in and at 12:35 he was strapped in advance to Elassona. If Tyrnavo falls into the chair. Both electrocutions were emithe hands of Edhem Pasha and the Turkish troops sweep down upon the plain and An examination of the bodies after they advance to Larissa to meet the force conhad been removed to the prison morgue did not disclose even the slightest abrasion or they will be between two grand divisions irritation of the skin at the points of conof the Greek army. This seems to have tact, and the physicians and experts probeen the object of Greek strategy. nounced the electrocutions as perfect as it

was possible to make them. The voltage Should the Greeks succeed in reducing the forts at Prevesa, as now seems probin Ohio, took place in the annex of the large land force operating with the bomwould be open and the Turkish troops in Epirus placed at the most serious disadin the State by hanging. The electrocution chair and appliances have been in place in vantage. The strategic value of Prevesa to long as it remains in the hands of the set for April 8, but owing to the burning out Turks it makes possible a steady line of ammunitions and food supplies. With Prevesa in the hands of the Greeks this line set for the electrocution of Wiley. A new would be promptly cut, and it would be was secured and the test to-day showed | practically impossible to revictual the Turthat it was fully up to requirements. To prevent any possibility of the armature bekish troops by the long land route through Macedonia. On the other hand, the Greek

Wiley, the condemned men, passed the day troops could be revictualed by sea. death warrants were read to them during since his arrival at the annex. The crime most revolting one. He had been employed dener, residing at Cloverdale, a suburb of rected against Salonica. If this is made with dispatch, it is quite possible that th Greek ships could reach the gulf and shell of the house except himself, and then cut the town of Salonica before the Aegean squadron of the Turkish fleet could interits burning. Haas was arrested on the vene. The object of such a bombardment West Side of Cincinnati twenty days after | Elassona. Should the Greek troops advance from Damasi to Elassona the line pired, without cause. After a few years of of Turkish supplies could be cut at that day in a drunken fit and shot his wife, who point and render the naval movement unliant success at Damasi will cause a modi-Taking a general survey of the field as it thus far are pretty evenly divided, but the chances for the immediate future are de

cidedly in favor of the Greeks.

TURKISH VICTORIES.

-Former Place Shelled.

LONDON, April 21 .- The Turks have in-

better generalship are proving irresistible.

ing to a picnic, instead of braving death.

Tyrnavo, which is ten miles from Larissa,

the headquarters of Prince Constantine,

commander of the Greek army in Thessaly,

was reported to have been occupied after a

The report, however, proved to be untrue.

Edhem Pasha personally directed the

and mountain batteries in strategic posi-

tions. The Turks seem to have five times

more cannon than the Greeks, and the ac-

wonderful. The London war correspondents

say that time and again the Turkish gun-

terrific effect, among small detachments of

# WOULD BENEFIT US

Statistician Ford's View of the Effect of a European War.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 20 .- Worthington C. Ford, statistician of the treasury, contributes interestingly to the fund of opinion that the United States will benefit largely by a European war. In an interview he "The only countries except the United States which produce largely more food products than they consume are Rusthe Argentina crop, composed largely of wheat, is a partial failure; in British India famine prevails, and Russia, mindful of the famine of 1891, is keeping her produce well This leaves the United States practically the only country in condition to do a big export business in food products. the price of which must necessarily be en-If the present warlike situation continues. I should not be surprised if the principal European countries put an embargo on the export of food products. Russia has almost reached that point now having thrown many restrictions around her surplus. Many of the European countries regard food products as materials of war and do not hesitate about enforcing such an embargo. Neither Turkey nor Greece produces sufficient food products to supply the domestic demand, and with these countries at war the demand will naturally increase. Greece draws her extra supplies low principally from Austria-Hungary. Turkey, too, is a large customer of Austria-Hungary, but that country will not be able to supply a more than normal demand. The United States will, therefore, be considerably benefited if hostilities continue.

# Doctor Indicted for Murder.

KANSAS (TY, Mo., April 20.-Dr. Jefferson D. Godard, who shot and killed F. J. Jackson at the Woodland Hotel, April 2, in a quarrel, which grew out of Goddard's a sign which meant that he was going to be to-day indicted for murder in the first degree. The date of his trial was not set.

nava the Turks began shelling the town with the avowed intention of destroying it and then proceeding to Larisso. Advices from Milouna pass, dated last evening, an nounced the bombardment of Tyrnava, The dispatch also said: "All the roads leading to Larissa are crowded with fugitives, shouting 'reserves, don't try conclusions with the Turks.' The Greek villages in the plain are completely deserted." It was reported through Turkish sources last night that Tyrnava had been evacuated, and that the Moslem army was about to knock at the gates of Larissa, but the report lacks

confirmation and is denied at Athens.

GREEKS BADLY SCARED. That the gravity of the situation is fully realized by the Greeks is apparent by th tenor of the advices received from Athens yesterday. All the members of the gendarmerie and other police and military organizations are now going to the frontier. The citizens of Athens have volunteered to guard the city. The same conditions prevail in all the other towns of Greece. On all sides there is a firm determination to meet the Turkish invasion and every man who can be spared and who can bear arms is going to the front. Even the women are doing their share. The ladies of Athens. under the patronage of the Queen, have converted the steamer Thessaly into floating hospital. Three hundred beds for the wounded have been fitted on board the steamer, and she is now proceeding to Volo. At Larissa the mayor has issued a proclamation calling on all citizens to arm themselves in defense of the country. Every step possible is being taken to defend Larissa against the Turks. The minister of fects throughout the country calling on them to summon all citizens to arms in de fense of Greece, now invaded by the Turks.

DAMASI BURNED BY GREEKS. While the Turks were concentrating their efforts to reach Larissa yesterday the Greeks were not idle elsewhere, according to advices from Athens. A dispatch dated midnight says: "News has just reached here that the Greeks, after a desperate battle, have captured and burned Damasi. Viglia is still resisting. Another division of the Greek troops, it is reported, have traversed the Reveni pass and captured three blockhouses. This division has almost reached Damasi, where it will effect a union with the force that captured the town. The twenty thousand troops under General Smolenitz displayed the greatest bravery. Reveni lies twelve miles northwest of Larissa. Edhem Pasha, with a force variously estimated at from ten thousand to fourteen thousand troops, led seven assaults against it yesterday, but all were repulsed by the Greeks. Crown Prince Constantine has telegraphed here that the Turks at that point were completely and

finally repulsed. "In Athens greater attention has been paid to the operations in the neighborhood of Reveni than to those at Milouna pass. The theory all along has been that if the Greeks could establish themselves at Damasi their road would lie open to Elassona. The exact situation at Tyrnavo is someof the rumor that the place has been captured by the Turks. What seems to have happened is that Tyrnavo was evacuated in order to send troops forward to Reveni and was then reoccupied by troops returning

Another dispatch from Athens dated 1 o'clock this morning says: "The report of the capture of Damasi by the Greeks under Gen. Smolenitz is confirmed by official dis-It is stated here in well-informed circles | patches. Official dispatches report also that sumed this morning (Wednesday.) The ironclad Spetzia has left the Guif of Arta to has an important mission."

# ROUT OF THE GREEKS.

Battle of Milouna Pass and Later Fights Described by Correspondents. LONDON. April 20.-Belated accounts of the battle of Milouna pass continue to arrive here by wire, having been delayed in transmission from the scene of war. G. W. Steevenes, the well-known correspondent of the Daily Mail, who recently spent some time in America and is now attached to the Turkish army, sends his paper the following graphic account of the battle of Milouna pass between the Turks and Greeks, of which he was an eyewitness: "The bloody fight at this pass began Saturday evening at 5 o'clock. The battle has for its scene a series of hills, varying in height, some of them densely covered with brush wood and others comparatively bare The morning broke delightfully fine, sky cloudless and pouring down a genial heat. base of the opposing The Advance on Tyrnavo and Larissa two long lines of smoke, showing where the fight was in progress. The wind was not strong enough to scatter this smoke raded Greece in force, and with a dash and which, from where I stood at the head of furiousness that threaten to drive the Helthe pass, seemed at every moment to grow lenic army pell mell back to Athens. The denser and heavier. The din of firing was almost deafening. The fight became inten-

> sified as the day grew, and the clear light enabled the antagonistic positions to be more clearly discerned. "Very early Sunday morning the Greeks. with splendid bravery, charged the Turks and took possession of the hill tops stretching below the peaks, and the Turks, recovering from their momentary check and cheered on by their officers, who led their with the cold steel. An awful scene of bloodshed and carnage ensued. Through my glasses I could see struggling masses of men, the glint of steel as the bayonets swept through the air, the flash of revolvers and the raised butt ends of rifles doing their dreadful clubbing work. The strugde was brief, though appallingly deadly The Greeks, fighting to the last, were swep

back by the impetuous onslaught of the Turks, and the hill tops were again in posession of the invaders. TURKS WERE ENTHUSIASTIC Toward 6 a. m. Marshal Edhem Pasha advanced toward the fighting line with five (Continued on Second Page.)

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR SEN-ATOR MAY WITHDRAW.

He Has Not Yet, However, Made Any Declaration as to When He Will Step Out of the Race.

BALLOTS YESTERDAY

THE DOCTOR STILL TWO VOTES SHORT OF THE COVETED PRIZE.

First Ballot in Florida-Results Municipal Elections in Illinois and Nebraska.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 20,-It was stated this afternoon that Dr. Hunter had prepared a card withdrawing as a candidate for the senatorship. This report has served to bring another big crowd of politicians to the capital. Many of those who arrived to-night came to urge Dr. Hunter to remain on the ticket, and the others are candidates who hope to be made the new nominee. The truth seems to be that the mission of both sides is a useless one. Dr. Hunter, the knowing ones say, may have prepared such a statement, but he is not preparing to withdraw. His enemies say his intimations that he will withdraw are ade only for effect, and that when the Franklin grand jury adjourns he will once more boldly claim his right to "fight it out Some of those urging Dr. Hunter not to

withdraw hope to inherit his strength. Even if Hunter were ready to withdraw it is argued that he would not do so until he could be more certain that he had Holt, whom he has learned to dislike, defeated for the succession. At present Holt seems to have the solid support of the Hunter opposition and the negative vote, while the Hunter strength to be inherited by any possible successor is divided among a dozen candidates, principally among whom and in whose favor Hunter himself is divided, are: Mayor George D. Todd of Louisville, ex-Congressman George M. Thomas, of Lewis county, and State Senator Deboe. The men who oppose Hunter's withdrawal are urging that with such a state of affairs there would surely be a wrangle and row that would make as difficult the election of the new nominees as seems that of the present and enemies of Hunter who believe that he will withdraw to-morrow, and that the new Republican caucus will be held to-morrow night. But the shrewdest politicians of has twice refused to pay indemnity. them all laugh at the idea, and say the withdrawal, if it comes at all, is away in

This morning Dr. Hunter gave out the following signed statement: "I have gone over the whole situation carefully, and I vote is to come from. Under the circumstances I am willing to say that I shall not prolong the fight beyond a reasonable time when I see that it is hopeless. This proceeding before the grand jury has had absolutely nothing to do with my change of front. It has not been a factor in the right, to solidify and strengthen the loyalty of my friends. It was simply a transparent conspiracy to defame me. A sensation was created just before the time for the Senate to meet this morning. It was known that Mr. Hager, the new Democratic senator, had arrived with his certificate, and would be sworn in this morning. But when the train came it bore has not been here before this session. This made the Senate full for the first time this -seventy Republicans and sixty-eight Democrats-and seventy once more necessary to choice in the event of no pairs. It put Hunter one vote further from an election, and made more certain the impossibility of his election than has the indictment or any other occurrence this session. It also made t necessary for any new nominee to receive more votes to secure an election.

Blackburn Democrats demanded a preliminary roll call. The latter showed present and unpaired 108 and fifty-five necessary to choice. The fifty-first ballot was then as it was possible to do so. taken. It stood: Hunter, 53; Blackburn, 38; Martin, 12; Boyle, 5; Stone, 1. Necessary to a choice, fifty-five. Nearly all the Republicans opposed to Dr. Hunter were absent and paired. Stege was away without a pair, and this explained why Hunter came within two of an election even with Hager and Ogilvie here. Two more ballots were taken without change, and then the oint convention adjourned The announcement that the Bell-Crummemorable session last winter. This would

baugh contest would come up caused a great deal of excitement to-day, for should the Democrat, Bell, be seated, the strict party vote would be a tie, sixty-nine to sixty-nine, just as it stood during the give the Blackburn people a fighting chance, something they have not had since the session last winter, their present policy being solely to prevent an election.

# Balloting in Florida.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 20.-Ballotng for a United States senator to succeed ex-Senator Wilkinson Call, whose term expired March 4, and John A. Henderson, appointed by Governor Bloxham ad interim and not yet seated, began to-day, the two branches of the Legislature voting separately. The leading candidates are ex-Senator Call, Col. W. D. Chipley, now a prominent member of the state Senate, ex-Chief Justice George P. Raney, Judge W. A. Hocker and R. A. Burford. In the House the result was: Call, 28; Chipley, 16; Hocker, 10; Raney, 6; Burford, 4; scatter-In the Senate: Chipley, 8; Raney, Call, 5; Burford, 3; Hocker, 2; scattering, 3. Total, 96; necessary to an election 49; Call, 33; Chipley, 24; Raney, 14; Hocker, 12; Burford, 7; scattering, 6. The lines are drawn for and against Call. The other canlidates are all anti-Call men and have been more or less factors in the fight against the ex-senator during the last eight years. The vote to-day is in no way significant of the result except that thirty-three is prob ably Call's maximum strength. Accessions stretched away into the far distance were | to the Chipley ranks this week will be numerous, but an election may not be reached

## MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS. Results at Bloomington, Danville and

Other Illinois Tow s. CHICAGO, April 20.-Municipal elections were held throughout Illinois to-day. Reports received up to 11 o'clock to-night indicate that party lines were not sharply Streator, Centralia, Bloomington, Joliet, Decatur and Lemont elected Republican mayors, and in Free-Kankakee, Litchfield, Jacksonville and Peoria the Democratic mayoralty ti k t was victorious. In the latter city John Warner was the successful candidate, winning by the narrow plurality of seventeen out of a total vote of 10,460. licans will contest. In Rockford the election was the hottest in the history of the city, the A. P. A. question being the Issue present mayor was re-elected on the anti-A. P. A. ticket. Danville elected an

Republicans Win at Omaha.

independent candidate, the Republicans

carrying the rest of the ticket. In Cario

the victor turned up in the Civic Federation

OMAHA, Neb., April 20.-The election here to-day was conducted under discouraging circumstances, a cold rain falling al The public interest was light, and the vote was remarkably small. Party lines were not sharply drawn, but a semblance of politics was given the affair by the fu-

### At 12:30 this morning returns from all the precincts show: Moores, 6,622; Howell, 6,417. The entire Republican city ticket is

elected and seven out of nine councilmen. Showalter Elected to Congress. NEW CASTLE, Pa., April 20.-But little interest was taken to-day in the election of congressman in the Twenty-fifth district, and Showalter (Rep.) was elected by a good majority. In Lawrence county his majority over Heilman will be about 1,400, in Butler county his majority is conceded to be not less than 1,000, and Beaver county

will give him about the same majority Not more than half the votes of the dis-

## trict were cast. IN FAVOR OF UNCLE SAM.

Final Decision in the Famous Hat Trimmings Case.

PHILADELPHIA, April 20.—The famous hat trimmings case, which indirectly involved between \$20,000,000 and \$25,000,000, and which has been postponed from time to time for the past three years, was finally decided in favor of the government by a jury in the United States Circuit Court this afternoon. The suit was brought as a test case by Meyer & Dickinson, big importers of this city, who sought to recover from the United States government a difference of 30 per cent. in custom duties. The firm's contention was that the importations in question consisted solely of hat trimmings. on which the duty under the McKinley tariff act was only 20 per cent., but the federal officials in their argument main-tained that the merchandise was used chiefly for dresses and dress trimmings, and that the duty of 50 per cent, levied by the government were proper. Meyer & Dickinson were nominally the plaintiffs, but there were hundreds of big importing firms throughout the country who were interested in the outcome of the suit, and who were instrumental in procuring the best obtainable counsel.

CLAIMS OF TWO UNITED STATES SAILORS REJECTED BY SPAIN.

Correspondence in the Cases of Gustave Richelieu and August Bolton Submitted to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 20.-Secretary Sherman sent to the Senate to-day, in response to a resolution, the correspondence in the case of two American sailors, Gustave Richelieu, of Boston, and August Bolthree weeks at Santiago de Cuba. The sailors claimed that they were shipwrecked on the coast of Cuba, Feb. 16, 1894. No charges were preferred against them and after three weeks they were released, one the other yellow fever. Their attorneys

Secretary Olney said that the treatment of Bolten was in violation of treaty stipulations, which provided for the hospitable reception of American citizens driven on Spanish territory under stress of weather, and that citizens of the United States, taken without arms, should be tried by the ordinary civil tribunals. The Spanish minister of state, in September, 1896, replied to Minister Taylor that the appearance of the sailors in a boat without clearance papers. expedition, warranted their arrest and that the proceedings against them were the ly false, and finally that "His Majesty's government finds itself obliged to reject in an absolute manner the demand for an indemnity, considering this case finally and irrevocably ended." March 1, 1897, the Duke of Tetuan refused again to open the claim, stating that many small crafts similar to the boat in which the two sailors were found had brought munitions of war to Cuba, and that their detention was preventive and penal. Referring to the treaty of 1795 the duke says: "Who will maintain Many pronounced the bringing here of Sen- that those benefits are absolutely uncondiator Ogilvie, who looks like a dying man, a tional and that they extend even to those who bear hostile intentions?" And adds: "The application of the treaty did not suffer any alteration, but only a justified delay which was followed by the full and immediate application of the treaty as soon

## ATTACKED BY GUNBOATS. small Parties of Cuban Insurgents Routed by Spaniards.

HAVANA, April 20 .- The Spanish gunboat Delgado Parejo left here on Wednesday last for the mouth of the San Juan river, province of Santa Clara, to protect the landing of a detachment of troops, shipped there on board the steamship Gloria, under General Prats. The gunboat entered the river on Friday night, towing a number of lighters on which the soldiers had been embarked. Some distance up the river a boat with a number of armed insurgents was sighted. The gunboat opened fire on her, killed four of the insurgents, who were thrown overboard by their comrades, and wounded a number of others, eventually capturing the surviving insurgents. Proceeding up the San Juan with the lighters, the gunboat protected the landing of two detachments of troops, who destroyed insurgent camps, captured quantities of arms and documents and returned with two prisoners and twenty insurgents, who had surrendered. The gunboat also captured three boats which had been used by the insurgents in their expeditions. The Spanish gunboat Sandoval recently landed eighty men near Cape Cruz, province of Santiago de Cuba, routing a force of insurgents there, capturing an insurgent prefecture and a quantity of arms. and seizing the valuable salt mines taken possession of by the insurgents in that vicinity. The enemy had previously killed member of the local guerrilla force, who acted as a guide for the Spaniards. A number of skirmishes have taken place recently in the province of Santa Clara. The losses of the insurgents are officially reported as thirty-eight killed, wounded and one taken prisoner. Spanish troops have seized the contents of two camps, including an armory and several well-stocked shops.

Alleged Fraudulent Contracts. HAVANA, April 20.-La Lucha insists editorially to-day that the contracts made by Americans for the export of tobacco are union has proofs that the tobacco in quesof General Weyler's edict prohibiting the at Washington will be the first to withdraw when convinced that unscrupulous American citizens have imposed on its good faith. Meanwhile a feeling of disgust is spreading among the tobacconists, both growers and

# Pedro Garcia Shot.

HAVANA, April 20.-Pedro Garcia, who and a week ago he was taken before a summary court. The entire court-martial lasted only fifteen minutes and Garcia was sentenced to death, although, as is customary, they did not read the death senhim until last night, twelve hours before he was shot.

# Reforms Postponed.

HAVANA, April 20. - Premier Canovas, according to the statements of several Havana newspapers, has said that the government considers it expedient to wait for confirmation of the news as to the pacification fantry who marched over the yellow fields | sion of Democrats, Populists and free-silver | of Cuba before establishing the promised Republicans against the Republican nomi- | reforms. The official press argues from this nees. At midnight it was apparent that that the date of putting the reforms into Frank E. Moores, Republican, is elected effect will not be remote.

MANY FLOOD SUFFERERS IN THE VI-CINITY OF VICKSBURG.

All the People Endangered by the Crevasses of Monday Night Rescued

by Government Steamers.

## TALLULAH, LA., UNDER WATER

INUNDATED BY THE TORREST FROM THE BIGGS LEVEE BREAK.

Situation at Memphis, Natchez, New Orleans, St. Louis and the Mis-

souri River Towns.

VICKSBURG, Miss., April 20,-Thanks to the prompt measures taken by Major Willard, United States engineer, in dispatching the steamer Vidette with skiffs to the country back of Coon's Landing, it is believed that all persons in danger will be relieved in time. The Florence, returning from there this morning, reported no cases of drowning in the back country, though there is unquestionably great danger, and the loss of stock is believed to be heavy. Large skiffs were taken by the Vidette, and these can be put over the levees and used to help the people in the interior. No more breaks are reported, and the levees north of this felt, are so far secure. This insures the security of East Carroll and the north half

of Madison parish. The work of relief is proceeding here under difficulties, the applicants being so numerous that it is a task to systematize the matter. It is really impossible to say how many persons are in .ed, since, in addition to the large number of fugitives from the delta and from north Louisiana, the low land of this country is very large and just now practically helpless, but estimates run as high as 15,000. That all available resources will be severely strained to care for them is quite evident. Private contributions are still coming in and the citizens are rendering liberal aid. Lieutenant ten, who asked of Spain \$10,000 indemnity Crowley, the government officer charged each on account of their imprisonment for with the distribution of rations, made large shipments to-day to points on the Missis-

sippi, Yazoo and Sunflower rivers, The outlook is rather more cheerful in other respects, every one feeling encouraged by the decline at Cairo. At this place having contracted rheumatism in prison, the discharge from the great basin having its outlet here is just equal to the capacity presented claims to the State Department of the river and of the enormous crevasse and the case is still pending, although Spain | a few miles below. The water is consequently stationary. In recognition of the In presenting the case to Minister Taylor, vast flood in the delta many expect a slight rise here. The decline is as yet some weeks away, but confidence is entertained that the water will recede in time to make a crop in the larger part of the delta, though perhaps not in the lower levels. The city continues crowded with refugees. In fact, they are arriving all the time. They are most tractable, orderly people, giving the police no trouble whatever, and their presence is consequently no burden. Fears are entertained that a continuance of the high water will greatly demoralize the labor system of the lowlands, but such has not been the case in the past, and the coclest header persons think that all will be well when the water recedes. Advices from Davis island, where a great many negroes are remaining says that planters will be unable to supply rations for more than two weeks hence The prospect of making a crop there is very uncertain indeed.

The Queen & Crescent officials to-night report that Tallulah, La., the capital of Madison parish, is flooded by the Biggs crevasse, though not deeply.

# SPECIAL BULLETIN.

Summary of Reports Received by the Department of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, April 20 .-- The following reports have been received to-day from the Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau officials in charge of river districts; St. Louis, Mo .- Slow rise at St. Louis, but without heavy rain. Cannot reach twentyeight feet before Friday night or Saturday. Continued rise in the Missouri. Upper Mississippi will rise slightly south of Keokuk, but will probably reach the crest as far south as Hannibal Wednesday night. Dan-ger line of eighteen feet passed at Warsaw

Cairo, Ill.-River continues falling at an increasing rate. Stage this morning, 48.8. River will fail two feet or more within the Tenn .-- Flood situation steadil The river has fallen a little more than one-tenth of a foot in the past Vicksburg-River falling. Break reported at Cook's Landing. La., about twenty-five miles above St. Joseph, and government boat there telegraphed for skiffs to save people. Other breaks reported in the Louisiana opposite Rodney, Miss., and

at Glasscock's levee, La., about twentythree miles below Natchez. New Orleans - River stationary and slight rise at Bayou Sera and Donaldson-Local levees continue intact, hundreds of men being employed in strengthening them. Thirty thousand acres of cultivated land now under water, from the Biggs and other breaks in Madison parish. No rainfall of note has fallen during the past twenty-four hours in the basin of the rivers tributary to the Mississippi. But little change has occurred in the height of the rivers. The Mississippi has remained stationary at New Orleans and fallen two-

### tenths of a foot at Vicksburg. THE RIVER FALLING.

Crevasses Are Relieving the Pressure on Part of the Levee System. MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 20.-The river at Vicksburg, Helena, Natchez and all along from St. Joseph, La., to Bayou Sera, La., is reported either stationary or falling tonight. This condition is the result of the vast amount of water passing through the crevasses at Biggs's and Reed's levees. above Natchez, and at Hancock's, below, The levees in the immediate vicinity of Natchez continues to hold under the great strain, but their holding is now of little interest to the planters in Concordia, Tensas and Madison parishes, as the water backed up from the breaks above and be low will soon flood the rich lands of thes counties, and the result will be almost a disastrous as if other breaks should occur The Red and Tensas rivers are now swelling and almost running over their banks. and by to-morrow they will begin spreading over a section of thirty miles to the interior. Work continues on the levees, however, without abatement, and everything possible is being done to hold the remainder of the levee system intact. Refugees continue to flock into the principal towns of the Mississippi and St Francis deltas, and the relief committees are taxed to their utmost to provide for the wants of the destitute. At Memphis the river continues to fall, Reports from Greenville, Rosedale and Cairo state that an encouraging decline is noted.

# Falling at Kansas City.

ceded one-tenth of a foot since yesterday. To-day the government gauge registered 22 and all indications point to a further fall from now on. High winds during the night brought the mark up to 22.6, but there was in fact no additional volume of water. Harlemites have now ceased to fear the floods and packing houses along the flood line are

### experiencing no serious trouble Patrolling the Levees.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20 .- The river in 18.9 feet above low-water mark this morning and the feeling of uneasiness has nowhere subsided. The fine weather has